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A green shooting presentation:

**Light & Energy**



# Guidelines

Goal: Optimizing the energy consumption on shooting and shows

Approach: Not looking for the **right** solution, but for the **properly** one.

State of the art:

/ LEDs are very often the real eco-friendly lighting solution: not always.

/ Batterie-systems are often a very good power supply option, not always.

# LED-World in one (maybe two) minute(s)



**Light-emitting diode**

excellent ratio light/current („Lumen/Watt“)

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**Bottom line:** the lamp needs a suitable cooling system



**Tungsten**

vs

**Metal-halide („HMI“)**

vs

**LED**



Pic source: pixabay.com

# Nature of the Tungsten

(using heat)



=





# Nature of the gas discharge

(using electric arcs)

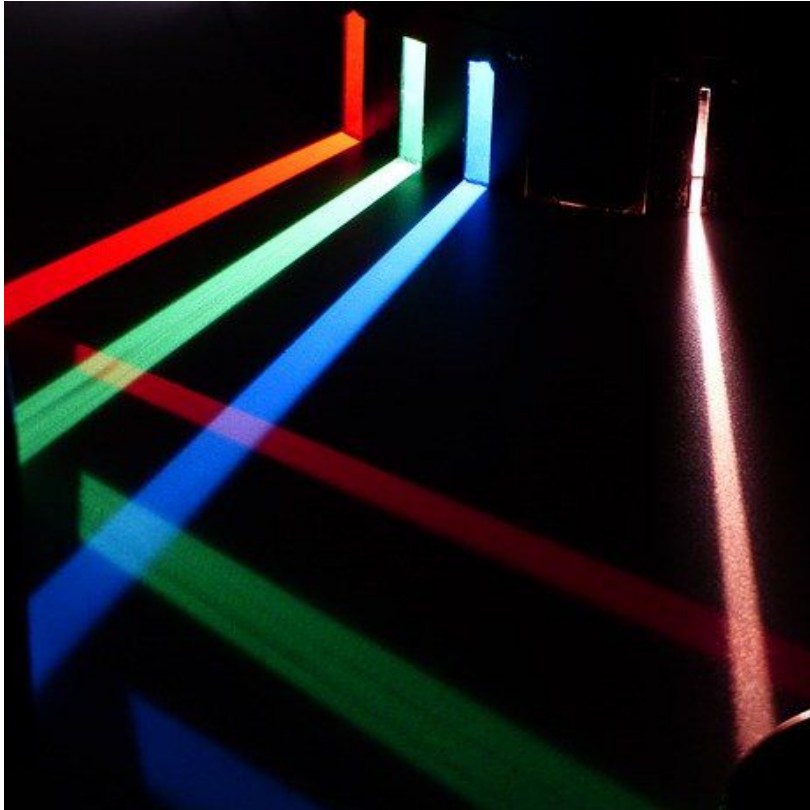


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# Nature of the LED (RGBW)

(converting electrical in electromagnetical energy)



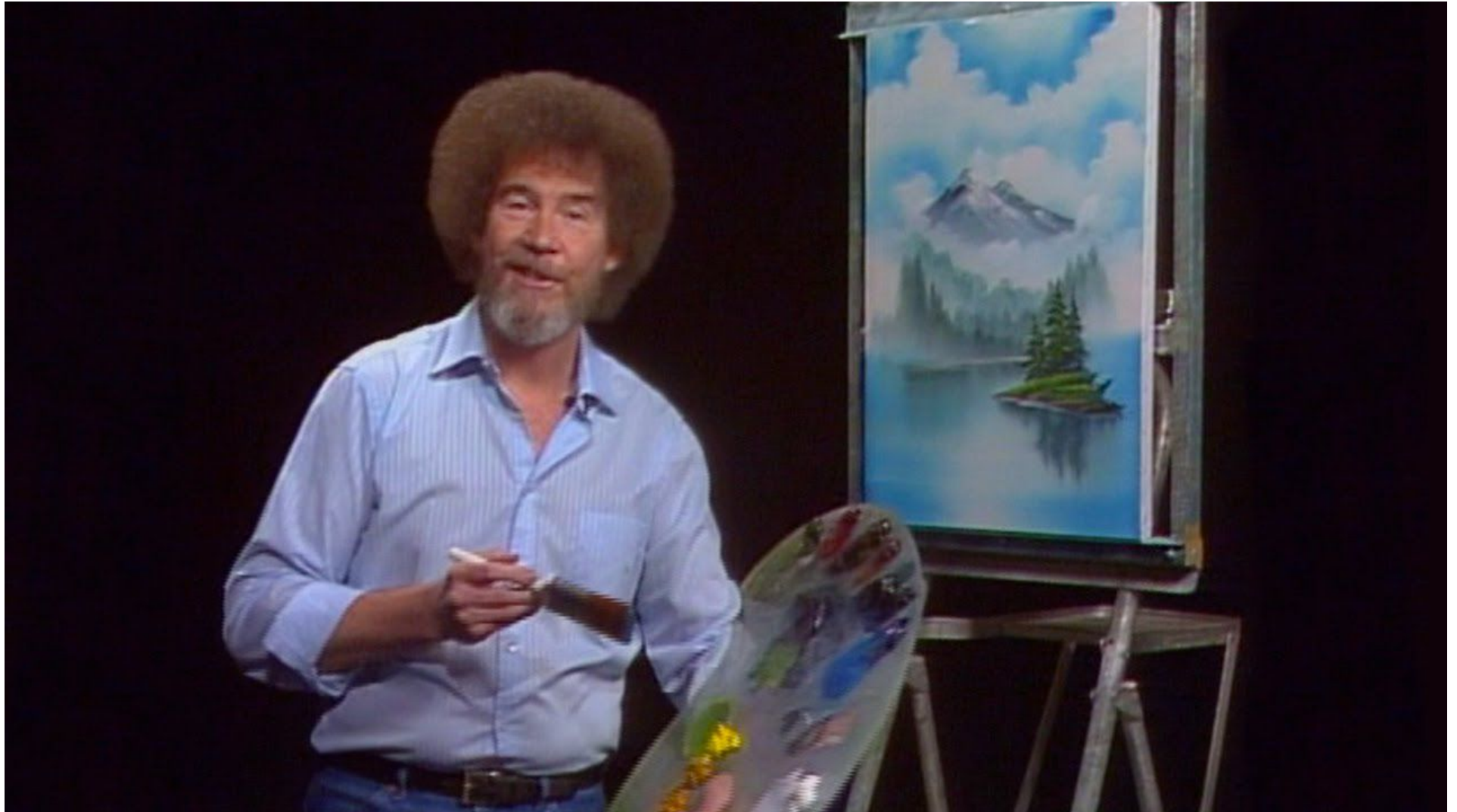
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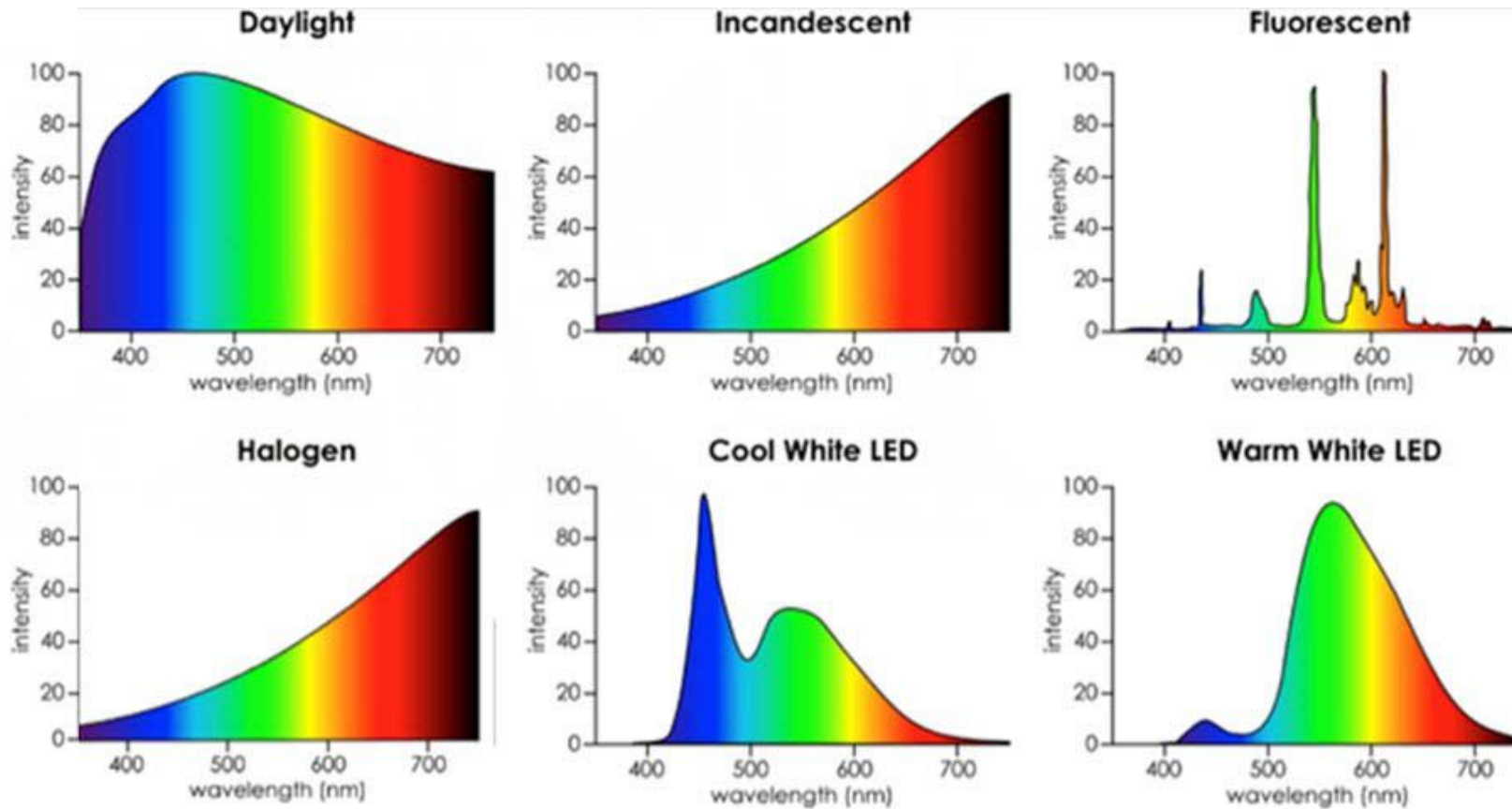
oder



# A touch of colour(temperature)

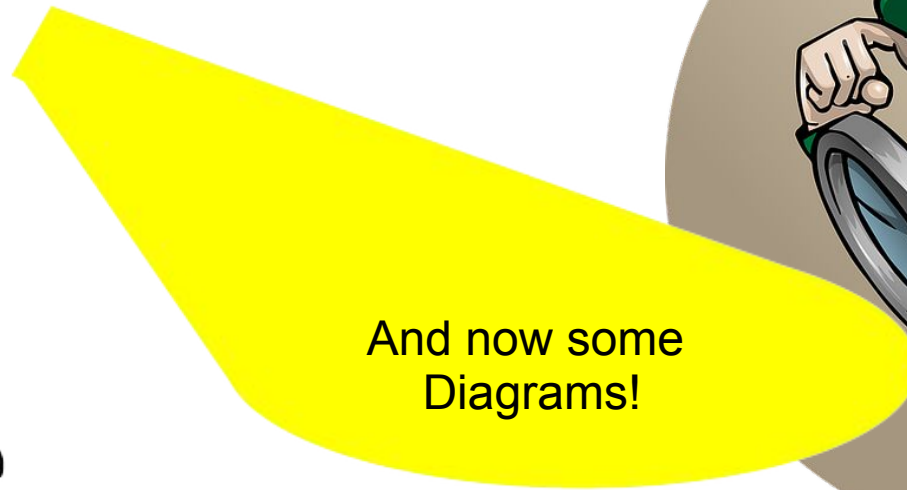


# Typical spectrum



Source: Technical University of Braunschweig

# Comparing and investigating deeper



And now some  
Diagrams!



# Tungsten

vs

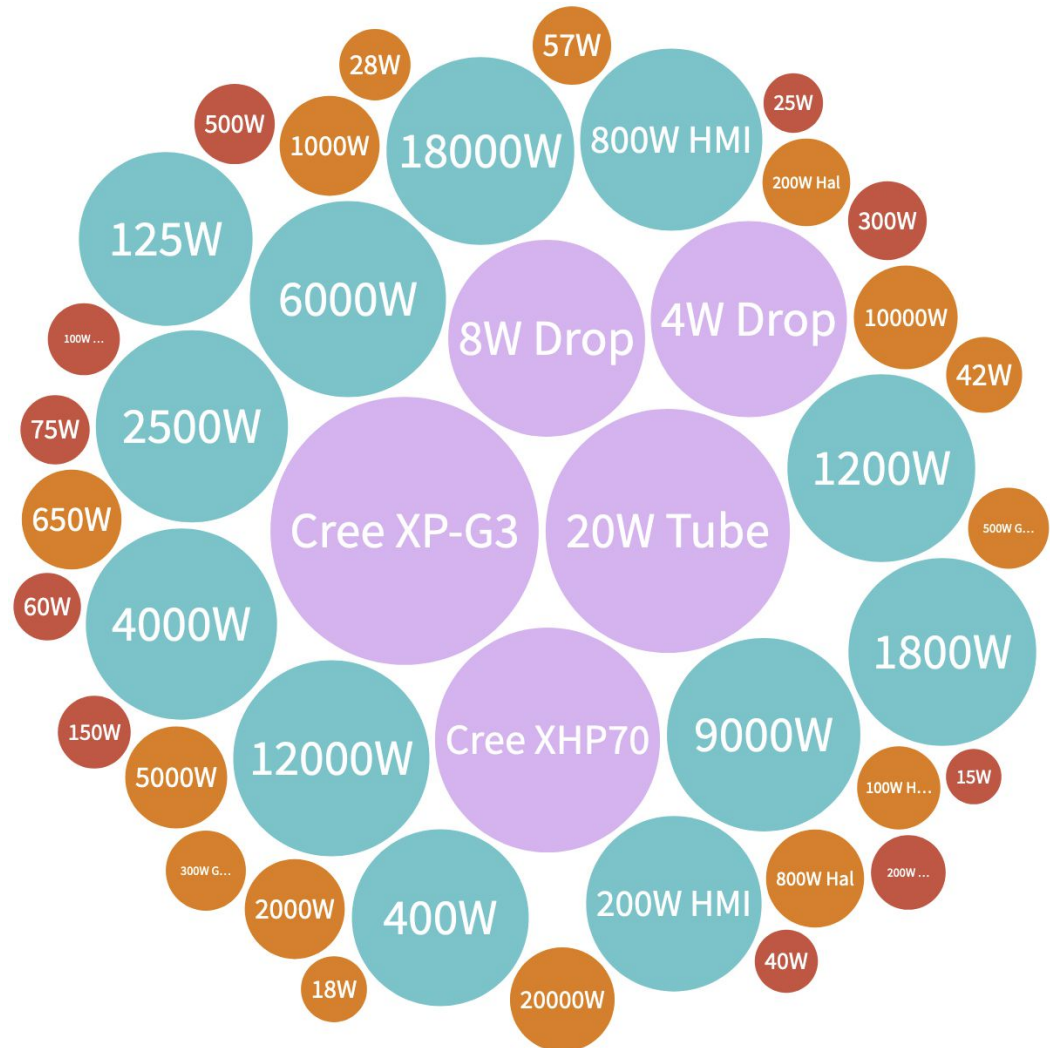
# Metal-halide („HMI“)

vs

# LED

Data ▾

↕	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Leuchtmittel	Bauart	Kategorie	Lumen	Watt	Sockel	Bauform	Lumen/Watt
27	125W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	9800	125	GZX9.5	Brenner	78.4
28	200W HMI	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	16000	200	GZY9.5	Brenner	80
29	400W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	32500	400	GZZ9.5	Brenner	81.25
30	800W HMI	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	69000	800	G22	Brenner	86.25
31	1200W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	110000	1200	G38	Brenner	91.667
32	1800W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	165000	1800	G38	Brenner	91.667
33	2500W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	240000	2500	G38	Brenner	96
34	4000W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	380000	4000	GX38	Brenner	95
35	6000W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	600000	6000	GX38	Brenner	100
36	9000W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	875000	9000	GX38	Brenner	97.22
37	12000W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	1200000	12000	GY38	Brenner	100
38	18000W	HMI / MSR	Tageslicht	1650000	18000	G51	Brenner	91.667
39	20W Tube	LED T8 Tube 150cm	LED	3100	20	G13	Röhre	155
40	4W Birne	Glühbirne klar	LED	400	4	E27	Bulb	100
41	8W Birne	Glühbirne klar	LED	806	8	E27	Bulb	100.75
42	Cree XP-G3	SMD-LED	LED	187	1	Platine	Modul	187



# Conclusion #1 (about lighting)

Consider the **power rating** of your tools  
as well as  
the **light beam**, the **color rendition** and the  
**handling**  
you need.



**Now, about power supply...**



# Power Supply

1) Power grid



2) Site power box



3) Film generator



4) Power inverter and battery-based power sources



# If generator, then:

Calculation of the required power demand and then,

- how big?
- how loud? (sound recordings; residential areas; night shoots).
- how often?
- how many?
- how green?

# If generator, then:

Calculation of the required power demand and then,

/ as big as needed,

/ so silent, little and rarely as possible.

# Classic diesel generator

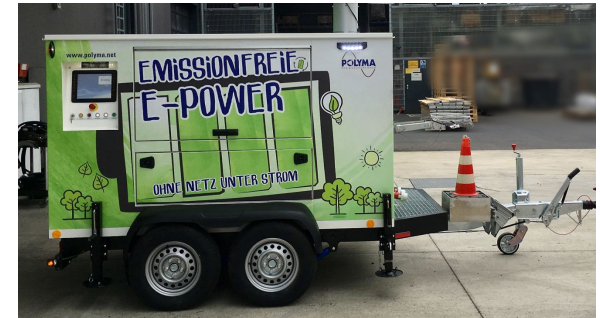


# Some alternatives nowadays

- Littler gens



- Full-battery-powered power supply



- Hybrid gens (battery pack + range extender)



# The dark side of the batteries



# A quantum of chemistry

## Type of construction

The electrode materials determine the nominal voltage of the cell, the quantity of materials determines the energy contained.

## Naming according to materials used, including:

Lead-	(Pb)	→ Automotive
Silver-zinc	(AgZn)	
Nickel-cadmium	(NiCd)	→ banned in Germany since 2009.
Nickel-metal hydride	(NiMH)	→ small charges, ex: AA and AAA
Lithium iron phosphate	(LiFePo)	
Lithium polymer	(LiPo)	
Lithium-ion	(Lilon)	→ used with most batteries in the film industry.

# Some example of battery-powered supplies



## Voltstack

5600 Wh  
5000W  
150kg  
Lilon



## Instagrid

2100 Wh  
3600W  
19kg  
Lilon



## Arvey A1

480 to 1920 Wh  
1000W  
from 11kg  
LiFePo4



# Some example of battery-powered supplies



## Wattsun

1400 to 7800 Wh

2000W

Lilon

17,4kg + 15,2kg/Akku



## Betteries

3000 to 12000 Wh

2000 to 5000W

Lilon

(Second Life NMC-  
or NCA-Akkus)  
ca. 35kg pro Akku

# Conclusion #2

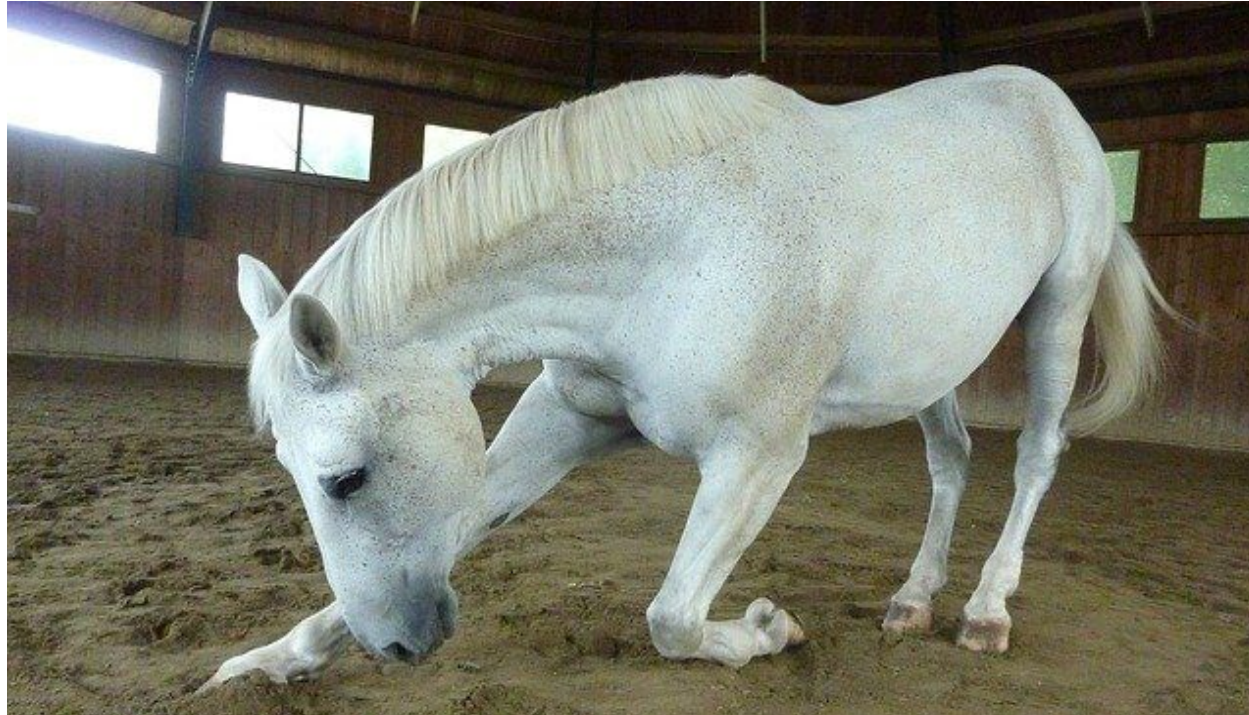


*Size does matter!*

# Conclusions #3

- The environmental sustainability of a film arises predominantly in the preparation phase
  - The biggest factors influencing the planning are
    - 1) script; 2) locations; 3) aesthetics.
- Environmentally sustainable work requires constant attention during filming, especially in dealing with:
  - / electricity consumption
  - / material consumption
  - / cooperation in operation

# Thank you very much!



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